AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the

application:

Listing of Claims:

Claims 1-13. (Canceled)

14. (Previously presented) A method for treatment of the exhaust of an internal

combustion engine in which a fluid is used as an auxiliary agent for the treatment, the method

comprising the steps of at least occasionally stimulating a partial chemical conversion of the

auxiliary agent in order to produce a substance that reduces the freezing point of the fluid

when the temperature of the fluid falls below a critical value.

15. (Previously presented) The method according to claim 14, wherein the conversion of

the auxiliary agent is stimulated before the auxiliary agent is introduced into the exhaust.

16. (Previously presented) The method according to claim 14, wherein the fluid is drawn

from a tank and supplied to the exhaust via lines, and wherein the stimulation occurs in a

partial region of the tank or in a fluid volume contained in the lines so that a sufficient

quantity of the substance can be distributed in the fluid volume in order to achieve a uniform

freezing point reduction.

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17. (Previously presented) The method according to claim 15, wherein the fluid is drawn

from a tank and supplied to the exhaust via lines, and wherein the stimulation occurs in a

partial region of the tank or in a fluid volume contained in the lines so that a sufficient

quantity of the substance can be distributed in the fluid volume in order to achieve a uniform

freezing point reduction.

18. (Previously presented) The method according to claim 14, further comprising the step

of supplying heat to produce the stimulation.

19. (Previously presented) The method according to claim 16, further comprising the step

of supplying heat to produce the stimulation.

20. (Previously presented) The method according to claim 17, further comprising the step

of supplying heat to produce the stimulation.

21. (Previously presented) The method according to claim 19, wherein heat is supplied for

a time to heat the partial region of the fluid to a temperature above 60° Celsius.

22. (Previously presented) The method according to claim 18, wherein due to a spatial

distribution, the supply of heat causes only a slight temperature increase in the fluid volume

over time.

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23. (Previously presented) The method according to claim 21, wherein due to a spatial

distribution, the supply of heat causes only a slight temperature increase in the fluid volume

over time.

24. (Previously presented) The method according to claim 22, wherein the slight

temperature increase lies in the range between 5 Kelvin and 50 Kelvin.

25. (Previously presented) The method according to claim 23, wherein the slight

temperature increase lies in the range between 5 Kelvin and 50 Kelvin.

26. (Previously presented) The method according to claim 14, wherein the freezing point is

reduced by 10 to 30 Kelvin.

27. (Previously presented) The method according to claim 14, further comprising the step

of measuring the concentration of the substance in the fluid and/or the temperature of the

fluid, and establishing the intensity and/or duration of the stimulation as a function of the

concentration of the substance and/or the temperature.

28. (Previously presented) The method according to claim 16, further comprising the step

of measuring the concentration of the substance in the fluid and/or the temperature of the

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fluid, and establishing the intensity and/or duration of the stimulation as a function of the concentration of the substance and/or the temperature.

29. (Previously presented) The method according to claim 18, further comprising the step of measuring the concentration of the substance in the fluid and/or the temperature of the fluid, and establishing the intensity and/or duration of the stimulation as a function of the concentration of the substance and/or the temperature.

30. (Previously presented) The method according to claim 27, wherein the concentration and/or the temperature is measured in the partial region.

31. (Previously presented) The method according to claim 14, wherein the substance is a gas that is soluble in the fluid.

32. (Previously presented) The method according to claim 14, wherein a urea/water solution is used as the fluid and ammonia is the substance.

33. (Previously presented) A device for treatment of the exhaust of an internal combustion engine in which a fluid (1) is used as an auxiliary agent for the treatment, the device comprising means (2, 3, 4, 5, 3a, 4a, 5a, 14) for at least occasionally stimulating a partial chemical conversion of the auxiliary agent into a substance that reduces the freezing point of

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the fluid, the means being disposed and/or embodied so as to permit the stimulation to occur when the temperature of the fluid falls below a critical value.